How To Introduce a Repeated Equal Groups Structure of Equality

OPTIONAL MATERIALS: DRY ERASE SENTENCE STRIPS, DRY ERASE MARKERS, SNAP CUBES

- 1. Display a number story that describes composing equal groups to form a total, with the question removed. If the story is written on chart paper, cover the values with a sticky note. If the story is electronically displayed, remove values.
- 2. Ask students to read the story in their brain two times OR read story aloud to the class two times.
- **3.** Ask the following questions:
 - Does the story have a main character? If yes, who/what is it?
 - What's the setting of the story?
 - Does the story have an action or verb? What is it?
 - What is the thing or item in the story that being composed?
 - What is the math main idea? (The story describes composing equal groups to form a total.)
- 4. Say, "We can map out this story using a graphic organizer called a Repeated Equal Groups (REG) Structure of Equality."
- 5. Draw the vertical and horizontal lines of the array and then write the label with a blank in front of it. Say, "This vertical line represents the [insert label]. This horizontal line represents the [insert label]." Write the labels on the array.
- **6.** Reveal the values and draw the appropriate number of circles to represent the items in the first group. Say, "These circles represent the first group of [insert label]." When first introducing REG, keep values below 10.
- 7. Say, "Structures of Equality have three important elements to them."
 - 1. "They have values, which are represented by these numbers." Point to the numbers.
 - 2. "They have labels, which are [insert label] in this story." Point to the labels.
 - 3. "They represent equality or the relationship occurring in the story. The equality is in these repeated equal groups."
- 8. Say, "Structures of Equality help us understand what the number story is asking us to do. When you map out a number story using a Structure of Equality, I can see what your brain is doing."
- 9. Remove the number story and say, "Who can retell the number story using the Structure of Equality to help them?"
- 10. Repeat daily without inserting numbers or solving until the students can draw a Repeated Equal Groups Structure of Equality independently.

EXAMPLE STRUCTURE 1



EXAMPLE STRUCTURE 2



USING SNAP CUBES

*Number stories can also be modeled using snap cubes. If you choose this option, model with 4 sets of 2 cubes snapped together.

